

### **NOUN**

A noun is a word that refers to a thing, a person, an animal, a place, a quality, an idea, or an action.

# What is a Noun?

The Noun is an any particular person, place, thing, or idea in any sentence.



### Person

- David
- Emily
- He
- She
- Mother
- Father
- Grand Father



### **Place**

- Asia
- Europe
- America
- India
- Pacific Ocean
- Hospital
- School



### **Things**

- Mobile
- Books
- Pencil
- Desk
- Car
- Television
- Shoes



### Idea

- Honesty
- Friendship
- Freedom
- Loyalty
- Anger
- · Wisdom,
- Memory



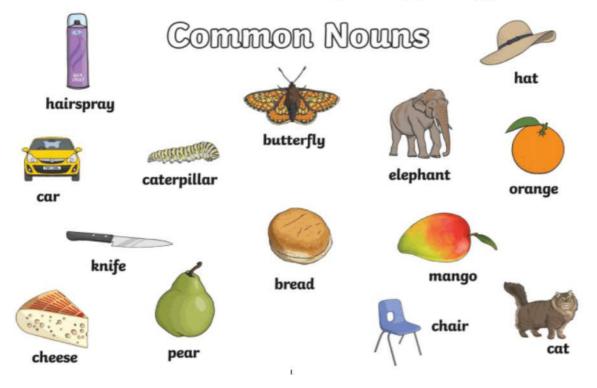
### **Types of Noun**

1. Proper Noun: Name of specific person, place or thing.

## **Examples of Proper Noun**



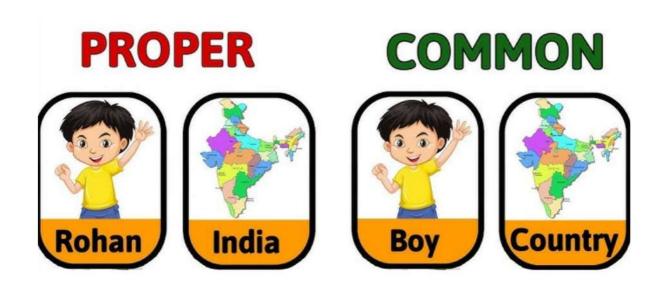
2. Common Noun: Name of common things like boys, chairs, girls etc.





### Easy understanding between proper noun and common noun

- Look at the picture below and try to understand the difference between proper noun and common noun,
- Any thing that we mention in general terms or common word falls under common noun category
- If we name any content by its particular 'term' or specific name given then if comen under proper noun category.





**3. Collective Noun:** Collection of some persons or things and represented as a singular noun. Ex: class, army, herd, flight etc.

# **collective nouns**



A dynasty of kings



A tribe of natives



A draft of lecturers



A pack of thieves



A flock of tourists



A team of workers



A choir of singers



A giggle of girls



A class of students



A circle of friends



A colony of penguins



A pride of lions



A catch of fish



A flock of sheep



A zoo of wild animals



4. Abstract Noun: Whom we cannot touch like happiness, sadness etc.



**5. Materialistic Noun:** A material noun is a word that describes a substance or material that can be perceived by the senses, and is used to make things





Further classifications are:

#### 6. Uncountable Nouns

There are some rules which are uncountable nouns. We cannot measure uncountable nouns. like 'Informations' wrong phrase. We always use singular verbs with uncountable nouns. Plural of these words does not exist.

Some examples of uncountable nouns are:

- Furniture
- Bread
- Wood
- Wages
- Money
- Machinery
- Crockery
- Cash
- Help
- Clothing

### **Examples:**

- 1. Children are prone to making <u>mischiefs</u> if they have nothing to do.[Correct: mischief]
- 2. I saw beautiful sceneries in painting exhibition.[Correct: scenery]



## Uncountable Nouns





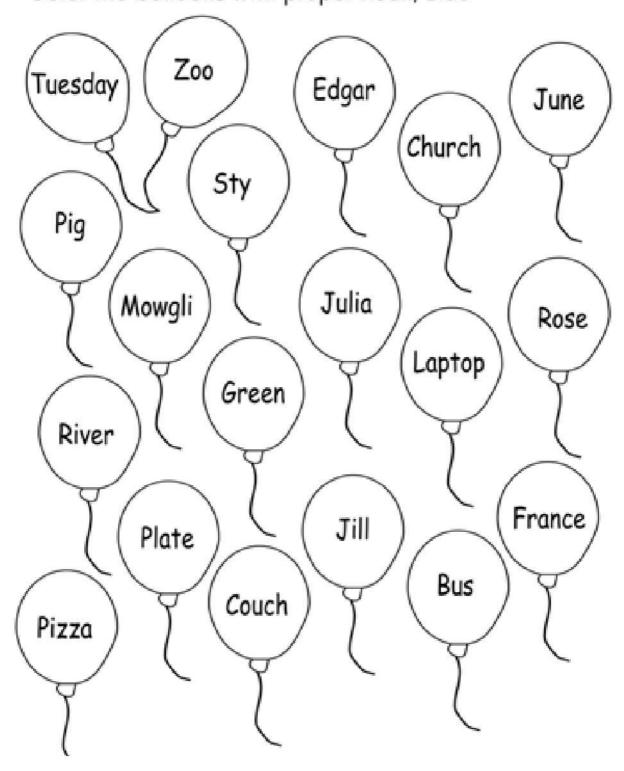
Examples for countable and uncountable noun

### Countable Uncountable MIK Apple Cake Milk Water FLOUR Sandwich Clock Flour Beans Sugar Egg Grapes Sugar Salt Cheese Watermelon Meat Carrot Brinjal Burger Honey Tea



### Let us explore some worksheets for more practice

Color the balloons with common noun, Red Color the balloons with proper noun, Blue





## **Collective Nouns for Things**

Collective nouns are groups of people, things, or places.

a **\_stick** of butter

Direction: Match the collective noun to the noun it goes with.

- I. a bowl of coins
- 2. a collection of pizza
- 3. a bolt of hay
- 4. a bouquet of rice
- 5. a slice of lightning
- 6. a bale of flowers
- 7. a chest of stairs
- 8. a cloud of bread
- 9. a stack of drawers
- 10. a flight of papers
- II. a tube of dust
- 12. a loaf of toothpaste



### Countable Nouns vs Uncountable Nouns

Beside each noun, write a "C" if it's a countable noun, or "U" if it's an uncountable noun.

