

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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## Pearson Edexcel International GCSE

Time 2 hours

Paper  
reference

**4PM1/02R**

### Further Pure Mathematics PAPER 2R



Calculators may be used.

Total Marks

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page. Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Q:1/1/1/1



  
Pearson

## International GCSE in Further Pure Mathematics Formulae sheet

### Mensuration

Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$

Curved surface area of cone =  $\pi r \times$  slant height

Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

### Series

#### Arithmetic series

Sum to  $n$  terms,  $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n - 1)d]$

#### Geometric series

Sum to  $n$  terms,  $S_n = \frac{a(1 - r^n)}{(1 - r)}$

Sum to infinity,  $S_\infty = \frac{a}{1 - r} \quad |r| < 1$

#### Binomial series

$$(1 + x)^n = 1 + nx + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}x^2 + \dots + \frac{n(n-1)\dots(n-r+1)}{r!}x^r + \dots \quad \text{for } |x| < 1, n \in \mathbb{Q}$$

### Calculus

#### Quotient rule (differentiation)

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right) = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

### Trigonometry

#### Cosine rule

In triangle  $ABC$ :  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\sin(A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A - B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A + B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A - B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A + B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\tan(A - B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B}$$

### Logarithms

$$\log_a x = \frac{\log_b x}{\log_b a}$$

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Answer all ELEVEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 The position vector of the point  $A$  is  $(3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j})$ , referred to a fixed origin  $O$ .

The point  $B$  is such that  $\vec{AB} = (6\mathbf{i} + 8\mathbf{j})$

(a) Find the position vector of  $B$  as a simplified expression in terms of  $\mathbf{i}$  and  $\mathbf{j}$  (2)

(b) Find the magnitude of vector  $\vec{AB}$  (1)

(c) Find a unit vector, in terms of  $\mathbf{i}$  and  $\mathbf{j}$ , that is parallel to  $\vec{AB}$  (2)

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**Question 1 continued**

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**(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)**



- 2 When poured from a pipe, concrete is formed into the shape of a cuboid with a square base of side  $x$  and with a height of  $3x$

The volume of the cuboid increases at a constant rate of  $8 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

Find the rate of increase, in  $\text{m/s}$ , of  $x$  when  $x = 2$  metres.

(6)

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**Question 2 continued**

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**(Total for Question 2 is 6 marks)**



3 A geometric series has first term  $a$  and common ratio  $r$ , where  $r > 0$

Given that the 3rd term of the series is 5 and that the 5th term of the series is  $\frac{5}{2}$

(a) find

(i) the exact value of  $r$

(ii) the value of  $a$

(4)

(b) Find the sum to infinity of this series.

Give your answer in the form  $p + q\sqrt{2}$  where  $p$  and  $q$  are integers.

(2)

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**Question 3 continued**

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**(Total for Question 3 is 6 marks)**



4

$$f(x) = x^3 + px^2 + qx + 7 \quad \text{where } p \text{ and } q \text{ are integers.}$$

$(x + 1)$  is a factor of  $f(x)$

The remainder when  $f(x)$  is divided by  $(x + 2)$  is  $-5$

(a) Find the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$

(5)

(b) Hence, show that  $f(x) = 0$  has only one real root.

(3)

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**Question 4 continued**

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**(Total for Question 4 is 8 marks)**



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5 (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = e^{3x-2}$  giving your answers to 2 decimal places.

$x$	0	0.25	0.5	0.75	1
$y$	0.14				2.72

(2)

(b) On the grid opposite, draw the graph of  $y = e^{3x-2}$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 1$

(2)

(c) By drawing a suitable straight line on the grid, obtain an estimate, to one decimal place, of the root of the equation  $3x = 2 + \ln(3 - x)$

(3)

Grid area with horizontal dotted lines for graphing.

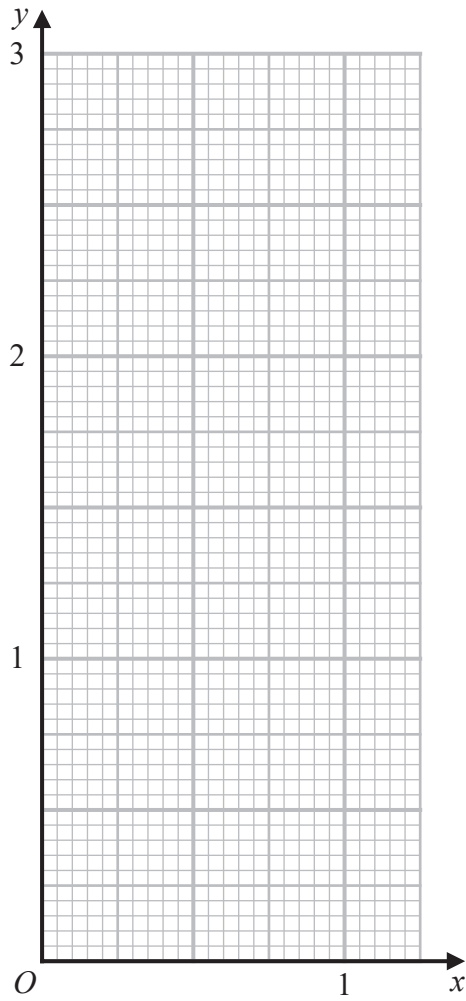


Question 5 continued

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Turn over for a spare grid if you need to redraw your graph.



Question 5 continued

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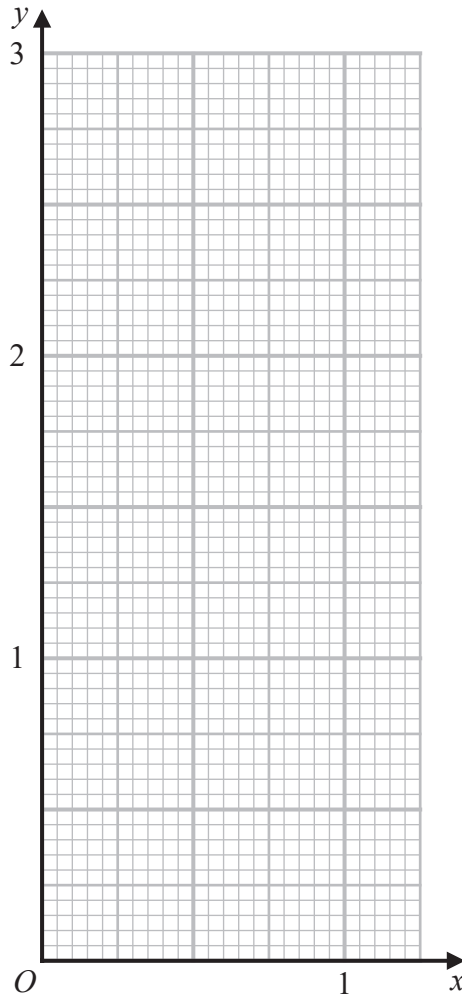
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Question 5 continued

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(Total for Question 5 is 7 marks)



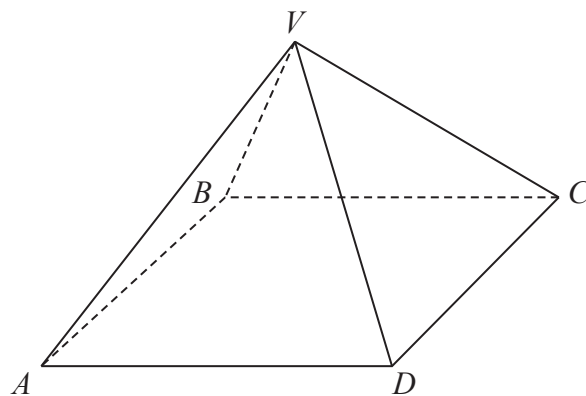


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows a right pyramid  $VABCD$  with vertex  $V$  and square base  $ABCD$ .

Each of the edges of the pyramid has the same length.

Find the size, in degrees to one decimal place, of the angle between the plane  $CVD$  and the base  $ABCD$ .

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**Question 6 continued**

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**(Total for Question 6 is 6 marks)**



7 (a) Solve the equation

$$\cos(3x - 15)^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x < 180 \quad (4)$$

(b) Solve, giving your solutions to one decimal place where appropriate,

$$3 \tan y^\circ + 4 \sin y^\circ = 0 \quad \text{for } -180 \leq y < 180 \quad (4)$$

(c) Solve, giving your solutions to one decimal place where appropriate,

$$\cos \theta^\circ = 3 \sin^2 \theta^\circ - 1 \quad \text{for } -180 \leq \theta < 180 \quad (4)$$

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**Question 7 continued**

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**Question 7 continued**

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**(Total for Question 7 is 12 marks)**



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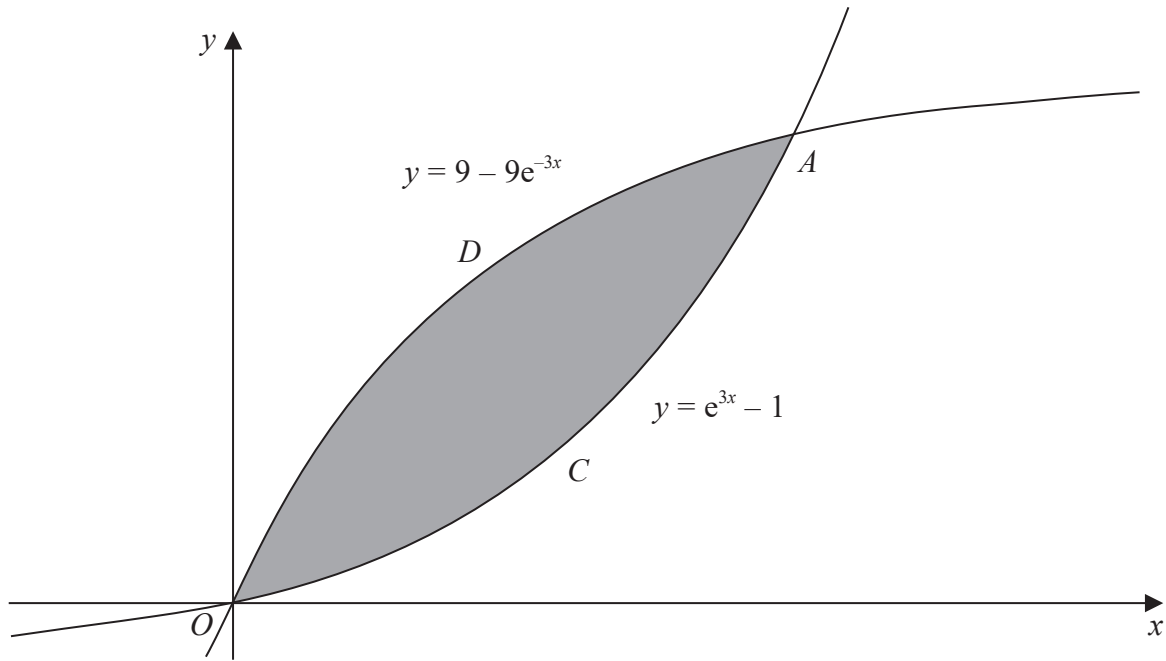


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows part of the curve  $C$  with equation  $y = e^{3x} - 1$  and part of the curve  $D$  with equation  $y = 9 - 9e^{-3x}$

The curves intersect at the origin  $O$  and the point  $A$ .

(a) (i) Show that the  $x$  coordinate of the point  $A$  satisfies the equation

$$(e^{3x})^2 - 10e^{3x} + 9 = 0$$

(ii) Hence, show that the  $x$  coordinate of the point  $A$  is  $\frac{1}{3} \ln 9$  (5)

The finite region bounded by  $C$  and by  $D$  is shown shaded in Figure 2.

(b) Use calculus to find the exact area of this region. (6)

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**Question 8 continued**

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Handwriting practice area with 25 horizontal dotted lines.



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**Question 8 continued**

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**Question 8 continued**

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**(Total for Question 8 is 11 marks)**



P 7 1 6 4 2 A 0 2 5 3 6

- 9 (a) Write  $\frac{3}{(3-x)^3}$  in the form  $a(1-bx)^{-3}$   
where  $a$  and  $b$  are fractions in their lowest terms. (2)
- (b) Expand  $\frac{3}{(3-x)^3}$  in ascending powers of  $x$  up to and including the term in  $x^3$   
Express each coefficient as a fraction in its lowest terms. (3)
- (c) (i) Use a suitable value of  $x$  with your expansion in part (b), to obtain an  
approximation for  $\frac{24}{125}$  to 5 decimal places.  
(ii) Find the percentage error, to 2 decimal places, of your approximation from the  
actual value. (4)

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**Question 9 continued**

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**Question 9 continued**

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**Question 9 continued**

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**(Total for Question 9 is 9 marks)**



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10 A curve  $C$  has equation

$$y = \frac{7x - 2}{2x - 3} \quad x \neq \frac{3}{2}$$

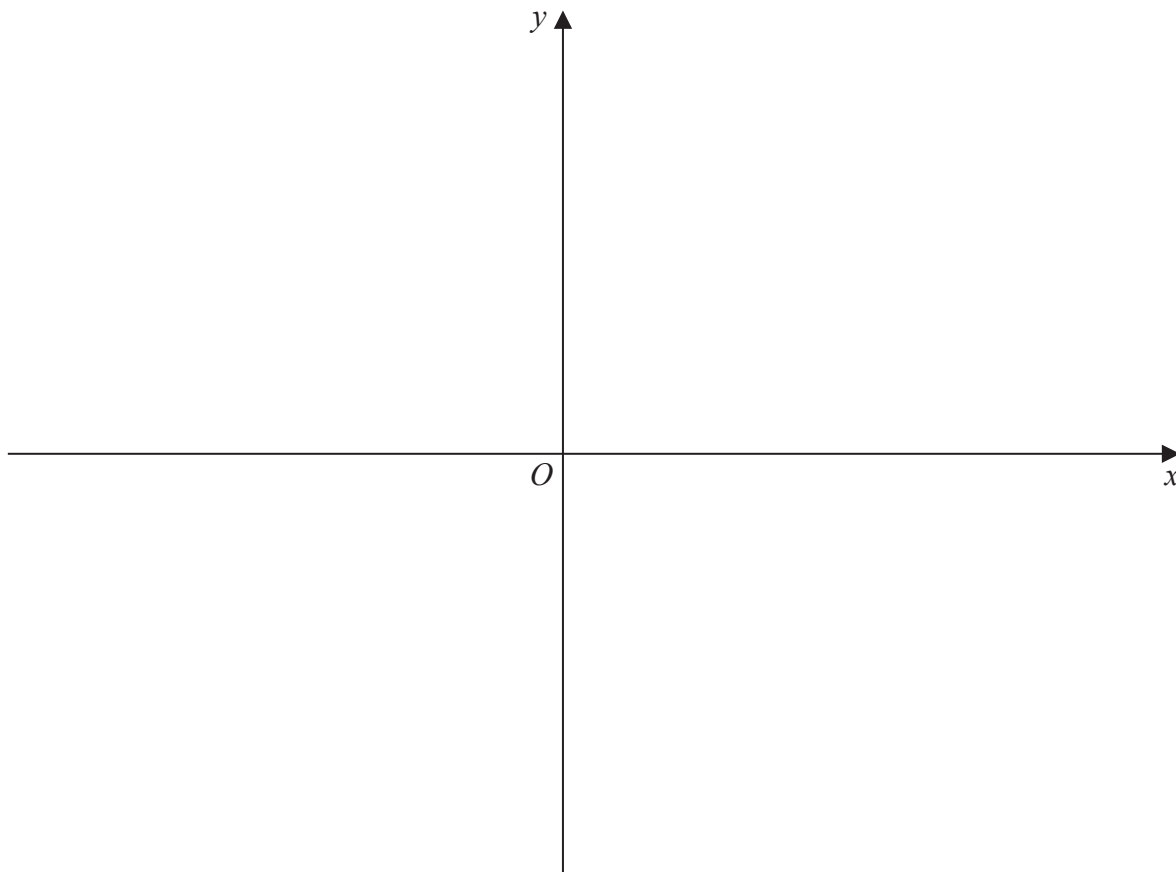
- (a) Write down an equation of the asymptote to  $C$  that is
- (i) parallel to the  $y$ -axis,
  - (ii) parallel to the  $x$ -axis.
- (b) Find the coordinates of the points of intersection of  $C$  with the coordinate axes.
- (c) Using calculus, show that at every point on the curve, the gradient of  $C$  is negative.
- (d) Using the axes on the opposite page, sketch  $C$ .  
Show clearly and label with their equation any asymptotes and the coordinates of the points of intersection of  $C$  with the coordinate axes.

The straight line  $l$  is the normal to  $C$  at the point  $A$ .  
The  $x$  coordinate of  $A$  is positive and the gradient of  $l$  is 17  
The line  $l$  also intersects  $C$  at the point  $B$ .

- (e) Find the exact coordinates of  $B$ .



Question 10 continued



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**Question 10 continued**

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**Question 10 continued**

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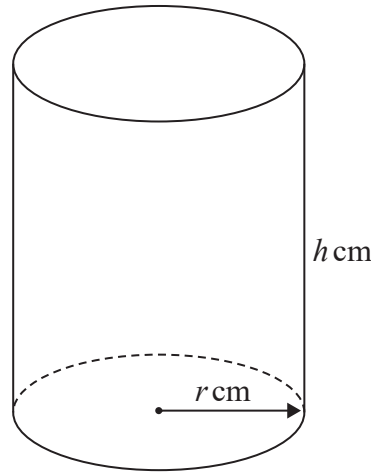
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**(Total for Question 10 is 18 marks)**



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



**Figure 3**

Figure 3 shows a solid metal right circular cylinder of radius  $r$  cm and height  $h$  cm.

The total surface area of the cylinder is  $600 \text{ cm}^2$

The volume of the cylinder is  $V \text{ cm}^3$

(a) Show that  $V = 300r - \pi r^3$  (4)

Given that  $r$  can vary,

(b) (i) use calculus to show that the exact value of  $r$  for which  $V$  is a maximum is

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{100}{\pi}}$$

(ii) justify that this value of  $r$  gives a maximum value of  $V$  (5)

The cylinder is melted down and reformed into a sphere of radius  $p$  cm.

(c) Find, to one decimal place, the greatest possible value of  $p$  (3)

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**Question 11 continued**

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**(Total for Question 11 is 12 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS**

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