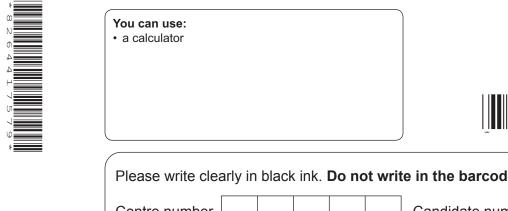


# Monday 16 November 2020 – Afternoon GCSE (9-1) Business

J204/02 Business 2: operations, finance and influences on business

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes





Please write clearly in black ink. Do not write in the barcodes.									
Centre number						Candidate number			
First name(s)									
Last name									

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. You can use extra paper if you need to, but you must clearly show your candidate number, the centre number and the question numbers.
- · Answer all the questions.

## **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [ ].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (\*).
- This document has 20 pages.

#### **ADVICE**

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.



# **SECTION A**

Answer **all** the questions.

1	vvn	ich of the following tasks is <b>not</b> a finance function?	
	Α	Advertising price reductions	
	В	Applying for a bank loan	
	С	Calculating break-even	
	D	Measuring profit and loss	
		Your answer	[1]
2	Wh	ich of the following issues is climate change an example of?	
	Α	A financial issue	
	В	A quality control issue	
	С	An economic issue	
	D	An environmental issue	
		Your answer	[1]
3	A m	nanufacturer is experiencing a range of problems.	
	Wh	ich of the following problems would be classed as a 'liquidity problem'?	
	Α	A breakdown on the production line	
	В	Being short of funds to pay suppliers	
	С	Experiencing high levels of wastage during the production process	
	D	Having insufficient financial information to make business decisions	
		Your answer	[1]

4		ompany's total costs are too high. The finance manager advises that this is being caused easing wage costs as the company expands.	yd k
	Whi	ich one of the following actions would provide a long term solution to this problem?	
	Α	Applying for an overdraft	
	В	Automating the production process	
	С	Employing a finance assistant	
	D	Switching to job production	
		Your answer	[1]
5	A bu	usiness will make a profit if it:	
	Α	ends the year with a positive bank balance	
	В	exceeds its break-even quantity	
	С	has costs that are greater than its revenues	
	D	pays off all of its debts	
		Your answer	[1]
6	Whi	ich of the following is a short-term source of finance suitable for a new business?	
	Α	Retained profit	
	В	Sale of business assets	
	С	Share issue	
	D	Trade credit	
		Your answer	[1]

7		ompany's total costs in 2019 were £9 million. The company's labour costs were 40% of apany's total costs.	the
	The	company's labour costs in 2019 were:	
	Α	£3.6 million	
	В	£5.4 million	
	С	£12.6 million	
	D	£14.4 million	
		Your answer	[1]
8	Vari	iable costs:	
	Α	are not affected by changes in output	
	В	fall as output rises	
	С	increase as output rises	
	D	remain constant over time	
		Your answer	[1]
9	A cı	ustomer has ordered an electric shower from a plumbing firm.	
	ВуІ	aw, the plumbing firm must:	
	Α	charge a lower price than other plumbers	
	В	fit the shower without turning the water off	
	С	supply a shower that meets current safety standards	
	D	use an environmentally friendly supplier	
		Your answer	[1]

			`		
10	Foll	lowing recent financ	ial success, a business	has decided to double the size of its workforce.	
	This	s decision will signifi	cantly increase the wor	kload of the:	
	Α	finance function be	cause new recruits nee	ed to be trained	
	В	human resources f	unction because applic	ants need to be interviewed	
	С	marketing function	because person specif	ications need to be produced	
	D	purchasing function	n because contracts of	employment need to be issued	
11			•	w wood cutting machine. The expected cost a t three years are shown in the table below.	[ <b>1]</b> nd
	Co	ost of machine	£6000		
	Ind	come year 1	£3000		
	Ind	come year 2	£3000		
	Ind	come year 3	£3000		
	The	e expected average	rate of return for this pu	rchase is:	
	Α	£1000			
	В	£3000			
	С	16.67%			
	D	33.33%			
		Your answer			[1]

12 An extract from Pete's Pet Shop's cash flow forecast for July is shown below.

	July
Total cash inflow	£6900
Total cash outflow	?
Net cash flow	-£605
Opening balance	£3000
Closing balance	£2395

O	pening balance	£3000
CI	losing balance	£2395
Wh	nat is Pete's Pet Shop's estimated	d total cash outflow for
Α	£3900	
В	£6295	
С	£7505	
D	£9295	
) The	Your answer	dring a paged code.
	e concept of 'quality' refers to ma	aking products:
Α	by hand	
В	of a satisfactory standard	
С	that are better than the leading	brand
D	to the highest possible specific	ation
	Your answer	

14		ousiness finds it stomers.	relatively easy to g	ain customers	but has	great difficulty	retaining	these
	Wh	ich aspect of the	business is <b>most</b> like	ely to need impr	oving?			
	Α	After-sales serv	ice					
	В	E-commerce						
	С	Marketing						
	D	Procurement						
		Your answer						[1]
15	Fin	ance performance	e data for Pico Ltd ov	er the last three	e years is	shown in the ta	ible below	
			2017	2018		2019		
	Re	evenue	£3.1 million	£3.3 million	ı	£3.5 million		
	Co	ost	£2.9 million	£2.9 million	1	£2.9 million		
	Acc	•	e, which of the follow		ıe?			
	Α	Pico Ltd has imp	proved its market sha	are				
	В	Pico Ltd has de	creased its prices yea	ar on year				
	С	Pico Ltd has ma	nde a profit in all three	e years				
	D	Pico Ltd has no	t paid its variable cos	its				
		Your answer						[1]

8

# **BLANK PAGE**

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

## **SECTION B**

Answer all the questions.

16

## Text 1

## John Lewis & Partners

John Lewis & Partners (JLP) is a chain of department stores that stocks a wide range of products from clothing to home furnishings. As a result it is always looking for high quality suppliers for its products.

JLP uses face-to-face selling in its stores. Staff in the electrical department are trained to have good product knowledge. These products include a wide range of computers, televisions and washing machines. However, JLP's recent growth has come from e-commerce.

JLP has a wide range of suppliers. It is important that the right supplier is chosen, so JLP will take time evaluating new suppliers and will review existing suppliers regularly so that it can continue supplying high quality products to its customers.

(i) Explain <b>one</b> reason why quality is important to a business in the production of goods.	
[2	2]
(ii) JLP's electrical department staff have good product knowledge. Analyse one positive impact of this on the quality of JLP's customer service.	'e
[	3]

(b)	Exp	plain <b>one</b> role of procurement within JLP.	
			[2]
(c)	Exp	plain <b>two</b> possible advantages to JLP of using e-commerce.	
	1		
			[4]
(d)	(i)	Identify <b>two</b> factors that affect the supply decisions made by a business.	
		1	
			•••••
		2	
			[2]

(ii)	Evaluate factors that may have influenced JLP when choosing which suppliers to use.

#### Text 2

# **Luxury Cushions**

Elizabeth owns a small business, Luxury Cushions (LC), making and selling quality cushions. She sells these to retail shops and direct to the public over the internet. When she first started, Elizabeth used social media to get herself well known. Her business really became successful when she sent some cushions to celebrities and they posted them on their Instagram accounts. Elizabeth regularly communicates to her 10000 Instagram followers when she has new designs to sell.

In 2019 LC earned £150 000 in revenue and had a gross profit of £118 000 and a net profit of £56 800. Elizabeth has provided the following financial information:

Table 1 — Financial data for LC

Cushions made and sold in one month	Fixed costs each month	Average Selling price	Cost of each cushion filling	Cost of each cushion cover	Wage paid per cushion made
250	£7440	£50	£3	£6	£10

Elizabeth has the opportunity to expand her business by taking over a competitor and moving into larger premises. One of her customers suggested that she could use crowdfunding to raise the £30 000 she needs. However, Elizabeth thinks that she might be better using a bank loan. Even though she would need to pay interest on the loan, her stable cash flow forecast shows she should be able to afford it.

(a)	Identify <b>one</b> reason, other than expansion, why a business may need to raise finance.									
	[1]									

		13								
(b)	(i)	Calculate the break-even point for LC.								
		Show your workings.								
		Answer:[3]								
	(ii)	Analyse <b>one</b> way Elizabeth could use her break-even data.								
		[3]								
(c)	(i)	Calculate the gross profit margin for 2019.								
		Show your workings.								

(ii)	Calculate the net profit margin for 2019.									
	Show your workings.									
	Answer:[2]									
(d) (i)	Analyse <b>one</b> advantage and <b>one</b> disadvantage to Elizabeth of using crowdfunding to finance the takeover.									
	Advantage									
	Disadvantage									

(ii)	Recommend whether Elizabeth should use crowdfunding or a bank loan to finance the takeover.
	[3]

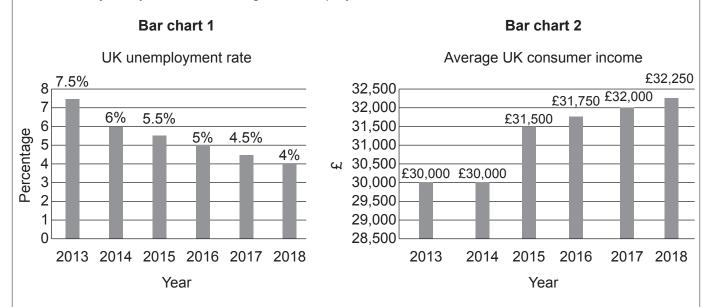
18

## Text 3

# **Aston Martin plc**

Aston Martin plc (AM plc) is a British manufacturer of luxury sports cars. It has more than 150 car dealerships in over 50 countries on six continents. Its globalised supply chain includes suppliers from the UK, EU and across the world. The company is also expanding its brand to include speed boats, submarines and property development.

Its headquarters and the main production site are centrally located in Warwickshire, England, on the site of a former RAF airbase. It employs over 3000 workers on this site, who are highly skilled engineers and who produce each car using the most up-to-date machinery. When the cars are finished, they are then transported from central England all over the UK and beyond. The demand for AM plc products is influenced by many factors, including UK unemployment rates and consumer income levels.



AM plc is proud of its commitment to the environment, which includes trying to produce goods sustainably. It also considers ethical issues in its decision making.

(a)	State <b>one</b> ethical consideration a business may need to consider.							
	[1]							

(b)	Analyse <b>one</b> method of sustainable production that AM plc could use.								
	[3]								
(c)	Analyse <b>one</b> possible factor that AM plc may have considered when choosing the location of								
(0)	its main production site.								
	roz								
	[3]								

(d)	(i)	Analyse, with reference to <b>Bar chart 1</b> , <b>one</b> impact on AM plc of the changes in the UK unemployment rate.
		[3]
	(ii)	Analyse, with reference to <b>Bar chart 2</b> , <b>one</b> impact on AM plc of the changes in the average UK consumer income.

'								impact			rate or	uie cii	ange n	i consu	mei
															. [3]
(e)*	Eval	uate h	now glo	obalisa	ation n	nay br	ing risl	k <b>and</b> r	eward	to the	shareh	olders	of AM p	olc.	[9]
								•••••					•••••		
													•••••		


## **END OF QUESTION PAPER**



#### Copyright Information

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact The OCR Copyright Team, The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge CB2 8EA.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.